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been treated with glycerinated virus. Of these 5, or 0.353 per cent, have died from hydrophobia. Only 1 of these, or 0.071 per cent, died more than 15 days after the end of treatment.

These figures compare favorably with those of institutions where the nonglycerinated desiccated virus is used.

MUNICIPAL ORDINANCES, RULES, AND REGULATIONS PERTAINING TO PUBLIC HYGIENE.

[Adopted since Jan. 1, 1910.]

TAUNTON, MASS.

TENEMENTS AND DWELLINGS—REGULATION OF PREMISES.

REGULATION 3—SECTION 1. Whenever any dwelling house, tenement, or building is not furnished with drains, drain pipes, waste pipes, soil pipes, traps, fixtures, water-closets, privy vaults, or cesspools which are satisfactory to the board of health, the same shall be provided by the owner within such reasonable time as the board may specify.

SEC. 2. The occupant of every dwelling house, tenement, or other building shall keep such house, tenement, or building and the yard and premises belonging to the same free from filth and all substances having offensive odors and shall not allow ashes, refuse, or rubbish to be thrown in or about the yard or premises.

SEC. 3. Whenever there are found accumulations of swill, refuse, ashes, or rubbish in any yard or premises, the owner, agent, lessee, or occupant shall remove the same therefrom when notified so to do by the board of health within such time as the board may name in the notice.

SEC. 4. No swill shall be kept in any yard, except in water-tight containers having close-fitting wooden or metal covers, and all such containers shall be emptied at least twice each week and shall be kept at all times in a clean condition, so as not to become offensive or obnoxious to the public or to the occupants of adjoining premises.

SEC. 5. No person collecting or buying junk shall keep or store the same in any room or cellar in any house wherein people live.—[Regulation, board of health, adopted Mar. 7, 1910.]

MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

LODGING HOUSES—REGULATION AND INSPECTION.

SECTION 1. Definition: The term "lodging house" as used in this ordinance shall be taken to mean and include any house or building or portion thereof in which the compartments are arranged on the cubical plan or the dormitory plan and in which persons are harbored or received, or lodged for hire, or any part of which is let to any person in which to sleep.

License: No building or part of any building in the city of Minneapolis shall be used after June 1, 1910, as a lodging house unless the proprietor thereof has obtained a license as herein provided.

SEC. 2. Any person, company, or corporation desiring a license to use, conduct, or operate as a lodging house any building, or any part of any building, in the city of Minneapolis shall file with the commissioner of health of said city a written application to the city council for such license, giving in such application the full name and address of the proprietor of the proposed lodging house, the name of the owner of the premises, and the location and proportion of the building or buildings intended to be used as a lodging house. Upon the filing of any such application for a lodging house license, the premises therein described shall be inspected by the commissioner of health or his deputies, who shall keep a permanent record of such inspection, giving the character, construction, and size of the building; whether or not the building has proper sewer and water connections; the number, location, and dimensions of each proposed sleeping room; the number and size of outside windows in each proposed sleeping room; other ventilation, if any, in each proposed sleeping room; the number of water-closets on each floor; the number of set wash basins on each floor; the number and description of all bathing apparatus on each floor; the number and kind of receptacles for refuse; and the number of beds or lodgers allowed in each sleeping room. The

commissioner of health shall present to the city council all applications for such license. Such license shall be issued to the applicant by the commissioner of health only when authorized and directed by the city council so to do, upon the presentation by the applicant of a receipt from the city treasurer showing payment into the city treasury of the license fee required for such license; but no such license shall be issued until all the regulations relating to lodging houses have been complied with by the applicant for such license. The annual license fee for such license is hereby fixed and established at \$5 for each lodging house containing not to exceed 15 beds and 10 cents additional for each bed in excess of 15; provided that \$10 shall be the maximum license fee. All licenses issued under this ordinance shall expire on the first Monday of May next following the issuance of the same.

SEC. 3. Every lodging house in the city of Minneapolis shall be inspected by the commissioner of health or his deputies regularly and at least once every month.

Each licensee shall cause his license to be continuously and conspicuously displayed in the office or halls of his lodging house.

No more lodgers shall be accommodated in any sleeping room in any lodging house than the number permitted by the license.

Each general sleeping room shall be adequately ventilated in such a manner as to be beyond the control of lodgers and to the satisfaction of the department of health. Four hundred cubic feet of air space shall be provided for each bed or lodger. The beds in all lodging houses and in every room in which beds are let for lodgers shall be separated by a passageway of not less than 2 feet horizontally, and all the beds shall be so arranged that under each of them the air shall freely circulate. Lodging houses shall be conducted in accordance with rules and regulations adopted from time to time by the department of health. No beds or bunks shall be placed one above another, and no one shall be permitted to sleep, lodge, or dwell in a cellar or basement.

In every lodging house there shall be provided for each lodger a separate bed, with bedstead, bedding, and bed clothes, and no lodger shall be allowed to sleep elsewhere than in such bed. All mattresses shall be provided with waterproof coverings, and shall be so arranged as to be at all times easily inspected. All beds, bed clothing, mattresses, and pillows shall always be kept clean and free from vermin. No comforters shall be permitted, but blankets used instead. Clean sheets and clean pillow cases shall be furnished for each bed, and shall be changed as often as necessary to keep the same clean or as may be required by the department of health. Nothing but iron or metal bedsteads shall be used.

All cubicles shall be so constructed that the partitions thereof shall not extend to within 2 feet of the ceiling, and there shall be provided in said partitions a space of at least 2 square feet in area for the purpose of ventilation, such space to be within 18 inches of the floor.

SEC. 4. All plumbing fixtures mentioned in this ordinance except washbowls shall be placed in a room or compartment entirely shut off from sleeping rooms by an airtight partition extending from floor to ceiling. The entrance to this room or compartment must not connect directly with a sleeping room; such room or compartment must be provided with a window which will open to the outer air and have at least 300 square inches of glass area. Provided, however, that in buildings not to exceed three stories in height now in use as lodging houses where plumbing is now installed in inside rooms or compartments, said compartments can be ventilated by well lighted and ventilated light shafts with at least an area of 9 square feet, said area or light-well to continue up and through roof with skylight and ventilators to meet with the approval of the commissioner of health. All interior partitions in toilet rooms or compartments shall be dwarfed and must not extend closer than 6 inches to the floor nor more than 7 feet high. Provision shall be made to light said compartments with gas or electric light and the same shall be lighted continuously during the night. The floors and side walls up to a height of 3 feet shall be made of marble, tile, slate, plastic, mastic asphalt, or other waterproof and noncorrosive materials that will meet with the approval of the commissioner of health. Each room or compartment shall have a floor drain properly constructed in same. Provided, however, that washroom and toilet rooms as above provided may be combined into one room of sufficient size to meet with the approval of the commissioner of health. In every lodging house there shall be provided in above-mentioned toilet rooms one or more water-closets on each floor. All water-closets shall be connected with brass floor flange approved by the department of health. There shall be provided in each toilet room above mentioned one or more urinals on each floor. In every lodging house there shall be at least one washroom on every floor. Every such washroom shall be provided with hot and cold water, set washbasins or washing appliances with running water, both in number and in character satisfactory to the commissioner of health. Such individual appliances or set basins shall be provided on each floor satisfactory to the commis-

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sioner of health. In every lodging house, shower or tub baths shall be provided. All such baths shall be provided with hot and cold water and shall at all times be accessible for the use of lodgers. Provided, however, that in addition to the above requirements, the installation of the plumbing system and all pipes, fixtures, etc., shall be installed and subject to the provisions of the plumbing ordinances of this city relating to the installation and maintenance of such plumbing. All alterations or construction of above-mentioned rooms shall be in accordance with the building ordinance of this city.

SEC. 5. Water and towels: In every lodging house there shall be at all times provided for the use of lodgers an adequate supply of water and clean towels.

Cleanliness: Every lodging house and every part thereof shall be at all times kept clean and free from dirt, vermin, filth, garbage and rubbish in or upon the premises belonging to or connected with the same. All water-closets, wash basins, baths, windows, fixtures, fittings, and painted surfaces shall be at all times kept thoroughly clean and in good repair. The floors of all rooms, passages, and stairways shall be sound, in good repair and either be shellacked or painted, and the same shall be either scrubbed, wet swept, or otherwise treated as often as is necessary to keep them thoroughly clean. All walls and ceilings shall be thoroughly cleaned and white-washed at least twice each year, or as often as the department of health may require.

Spitting and cuspidors: In each hall, room, cubicle, water-closet, wash room, and bathroom of every lodging house there shall be provided a sufficient number of cuspidors or spittoons. In every such room, etc., there shall be continuously and conspicuously displayed a sign "Spitting forbidden except in proper receptacles." All such cuspidors or spittoons shall be constructed of durable waterproof material, shall at all times contain a sufficient quantity of disinfecting liquid as the commissioner of health may direct, and the same shall be thoroughly cleansed and disinfected at least once daily.

Illness: It shall be the duty of the keeper, agent, or owner of every lodging house to report forthwith to the department of health any person suffering from any of the following infectious diseases: Measles, diphtheria, membranous croup, scarlet fever, smallpox, chickenpox, epidemic cholera, typhoid fever, rotheln, plague, or tuberculosis. Each lodging house shall be provided with a room sufficiently tight to be used for a fumigating room if necessary.

SEC. 6. All licenses granted or issued under this ordinance shall be subject to revocation at any time by the city council in its discretion.

SEC. 7. Any person violating any of the provisions of this ordinance shall on conviction thereof before the municipal court of the city of Minneapolis, be punished by a fine of not to exceed \$50 nor less than \$10 for each offense, or upon default in the payment of such fine, by imprisonment not to exceed 60 days.

SEC. 8. This ordinance shall take effect and be in force from and after its publication. [Ordinance approved May 14, 1910.]